

# CS45: NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN AUSTRALIA

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**DISCLOSURE INFORMATION** 

**Presenting Author: None to declare.** 

Co-Authors: None to declare.



### Generic Emergency and Disaster Management Standards (GEDMS)

#### **Context**

- Tertiary education plays a key role in developing capabilities within the workforce, leading to more effective emergency and disaster management
- Recognised need for evidence-based curriculum design informed by industry needs

#### Aim

 To develop a framework for higher education programs in emergency and disaster management for Australia.

#### **Cooperation**

 GEDMS were developed through the involvement of 34 interdisciplinary experts from government & non-government organisations and academic institutions in Australia, New Zealand, USA, UK



Step 1

• A detailed analysis of the current university programs in Australia and subsequent thematic analysis and consolidation.

Step 2

• A comprehensive literature review to identify graduate competencies and recommendations for course contents.

Step 3

• Five focus groups to inform the analysis and guide their consolidation.

Step 4

• Two rounds of feedback, involving those who participated in the focus groups and a smaller number of individuals who expressed their interest to be involved.

Step 5

• One day consultation with the industry to validate the findings of the research and to ensure the appropriateness of their utility and application.

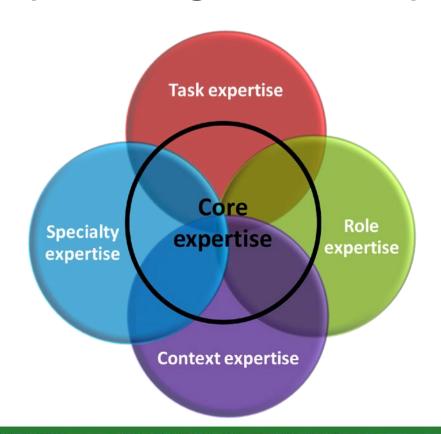


### Philosophical basis of the GEDMS

- All disaster management is local and community based
- Focus on the shared understanding required to work cooperatively
- Focus on Australian environment (but recognise a need to work across various communities and cultures)
- Focus on core knowledge
- Take a comprehensive view that recognises the mitigation impact of strategies such as land use planning, public health protections and building construction standards
- Will require continual review and updating.

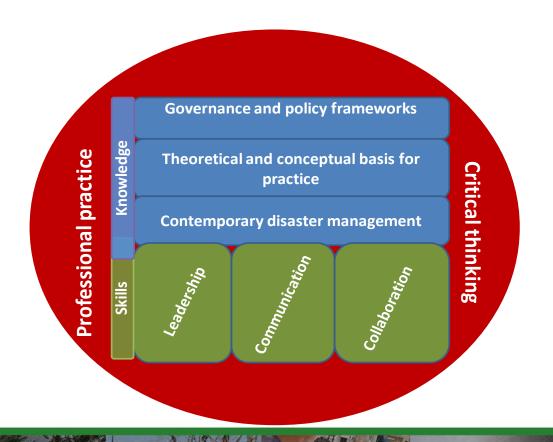


## Relationship between core and specific expertise (knowledge and skills)





### Domains of the Generic Emergency and Disaster Management Standards





### **Example**

### 1.1 Governance and policy frameworks

### 1.1.1 Theory and principles that underpin disaster policy

- Ethical principles in DM
- Information management and data protection
- Equity of access and allocation of resources
- Reflection of culture, sociology and religion
- Application of political theory to DM
- Application of public administrative principles to DM

### 1.1.2 EDM policy and legislation within the complex organisational and governance arrangements

- Legislative frameworks, legislation, regulations, standards and guidelines
- International, national, regional and local policy frameworks such as those derived from contemporary initiatives (e.g. Sendai framework for risk reduction)
- Policy advocacy, development and evaluation, e.g. processes and strategies of policy development as they apply to DM



### **Future steps**

- 1. Further consultation to validate the GEDMS & its acceptability
- 2. Endorsement of the standards by an 'appropriate authority'
- 3. Inclusion of the standards on an appropriate website and/or the Knowledge Hub
- 4. Consideration of how these standards inter-relate with vocational training programs
- 5. Review of university programs against these standards
- 6. Establishment of the education and training consortium.

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